



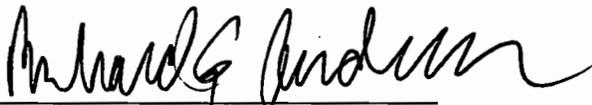
context must be viewed with considerable caution. *Rush v. Correctional Med. Services, Inc.*, 287 F. App'x 142, 144 (3d Cir. 2008).

3. **Background.** As set forth in the First Amended Complaint (D.I. 8), on December 15, 2015, Plaintiff was shot and sustained injuries that require him to use a colostomy bag and a suprapubic catheter. Plaintiff seeks specialized medical care designated by a medical specialist. (D.I. 44). Connections responds that, despite some challenges in having an outside specialist treat Plaintiff for his urinary related issues, it was able to secure a Johns Hopkins' urologist for that purpose. Plaintiff has been seen by the urologist and is currently scheduled for further follow-up care and treatment at Johns Hopkins. (D.I. 45).

5. Based upon Connections' representations, the Court concludes that Plaintiff has not met the requirements for injunctive relief. Medical care has been provided, Plaintiff has been seen by a specialist, and follow-up care is scheduled. As a result, Plaintiff has failed to show a likelihood of success on the merits, and has failed to demonstrate irreparable harm. Therefore, the Court will deny the motion.

6. **Conclusion.** For the above reasons, the Court will deny the motion for injunctive relief and a temporary restraining order. (D.I. 44). A separate order shall issue.

November 19, 2018  
Wilmington, Delaware

  
United States District Judge

