# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

WALID ABDULLAH MUHAMMAD,

Petitioner,

v.

C.A. No. 24-742-GBW

BERNADETTE MASON, Sup't SCI Mahanoy, and ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF DELAWARE,

Respondents.

**MEMORANDUM** 

### I. INTRODUCTION

Petitioner is an inmate at SCI Mahanoy in Frackville, Pennsylvania. He has filed papers titled "Exoneration Sectae Ad Curiam Baron," which were docketed as a federal habeas petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. (D.I. 1 at 1) The papers do not challenge any specific conviction. Instead, Petitioner identifies an individual in Delaware, and asserts that he is an "unlawful restraint freemasonry black magic supplant rigged for surreptitious rigged for dishonest means." (*Id.*) On September 5, 2024, the Court received and docketed papers dated August 30, 2024, explicitly titled as a "Petition 28 U.S.C. § 2254 For Writ Of Habeas Corpus,"

which reasserts the same allegations that were asserted in Petitioner's original filing. (D.I. 3)

#### II. DISCUSSION

A district court may entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus on behalf of someone in custody pursuant to the judgment of a state court only on the ground that his custody violates the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States. See 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a); Estelle v. McGuire, 502 U.S. 62, 67-68 (1991). Rule 2(c) of the Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases provides that the petition must "specify all the grounds for relief" and "state the facts supporting each ground." Rule 2(c)(1), (2), 28 U.S.C. foll. § 2254. A district court has the authority to summarily dismiss a habeas petition "if it plainly appears from the face of the petition and any exhibits annexed to it that the petitioner is not entitled to relief." Rule 4, 28 U.S.C. foll. § 2254; see McFarland v. Scott, 512 U.S. 849, 856 (1994).

Petitioner does not identify the state criminal proceeding for which he is incarcerated and, more significantly, it does not appear that Petitioner is challenging a conviction entered in a Delaware state court. These deficiencies in Petitioner's pleadings provide a sufficient basis for summary dismissal.

## III. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, the Court will summarily dismiss Petitioner's § 2254 Petition. The Court will also decline to issue a certificate of appealability because Petitioner has failed to make a "substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2); 3d Cir. L.A.R. 22.2 (2011); *United States v. Eyer*, 113 F.3d 470 (3d Cir. 1997). A separate Order follows.

Dated: October 1, 2024

GREGORY B. WILLIAMS UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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Respondents.

**ORDER** 

At Wilmington, this 1st day of October 2024, for the reasons set forth in the Memorandum issued this date;

### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- 1. Petitioner Walid Abdullah Muhammad's Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 (D.I. 1) is **DISMISSED**.
- 2. The Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability because Petitioner has failed to satisfy the standards set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2).
- 3. The Clerk is directed to include the proper Court Control Number on the envelope when sending a copy of this Memorandum and Order to Petitioner.

4. The Clerk shall close this case.

GREGORY B. WILLIAMS

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE